JUL 0 6 2004 E

Appl'n No.: 10/750,321

Title: Adaptive Transparent Encryption

Inventors: Nicholas Stamos, et al. Replacement Sheet

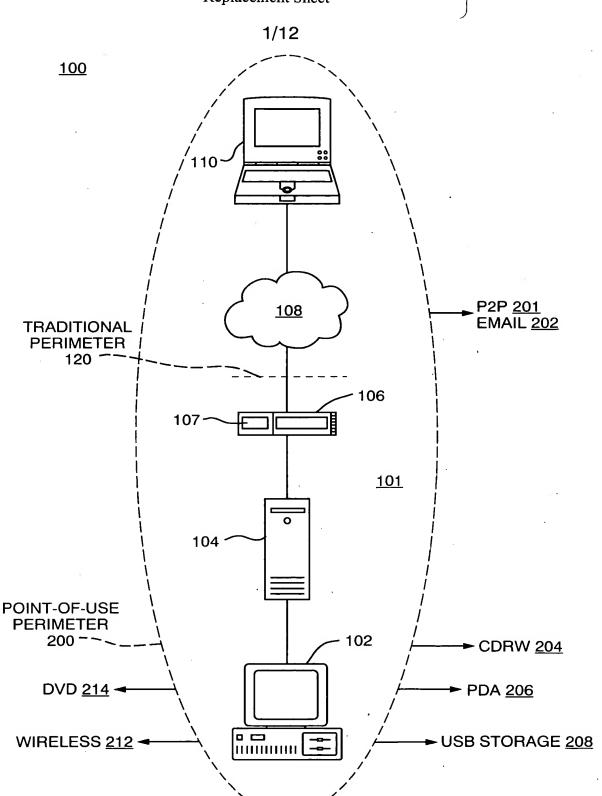
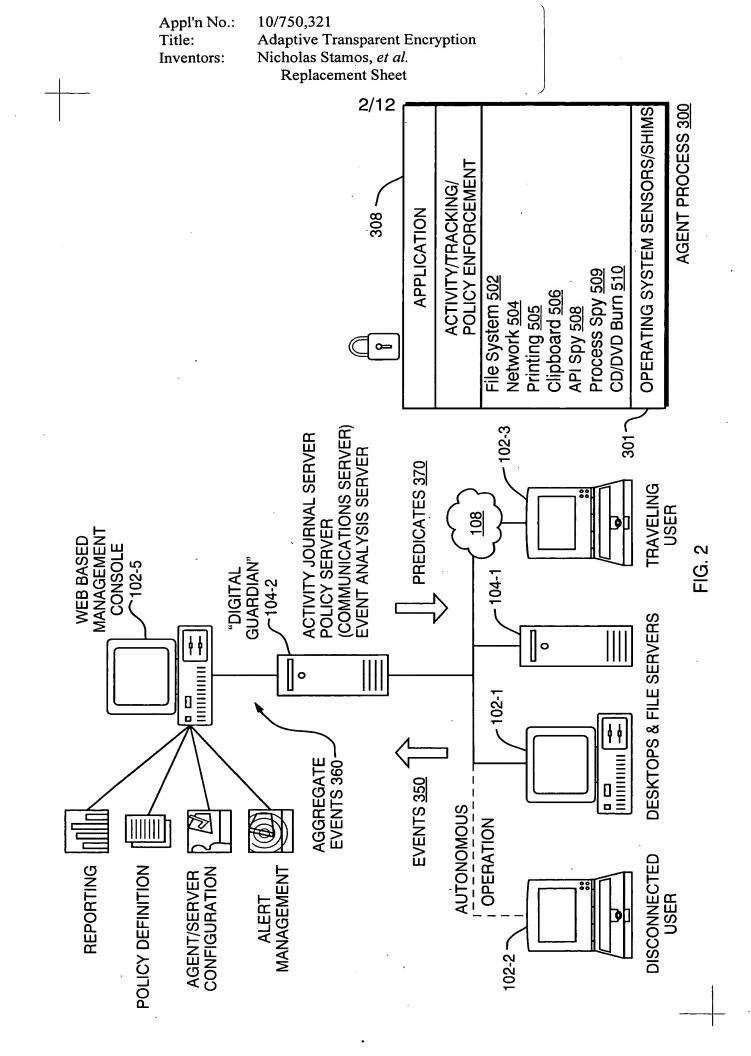
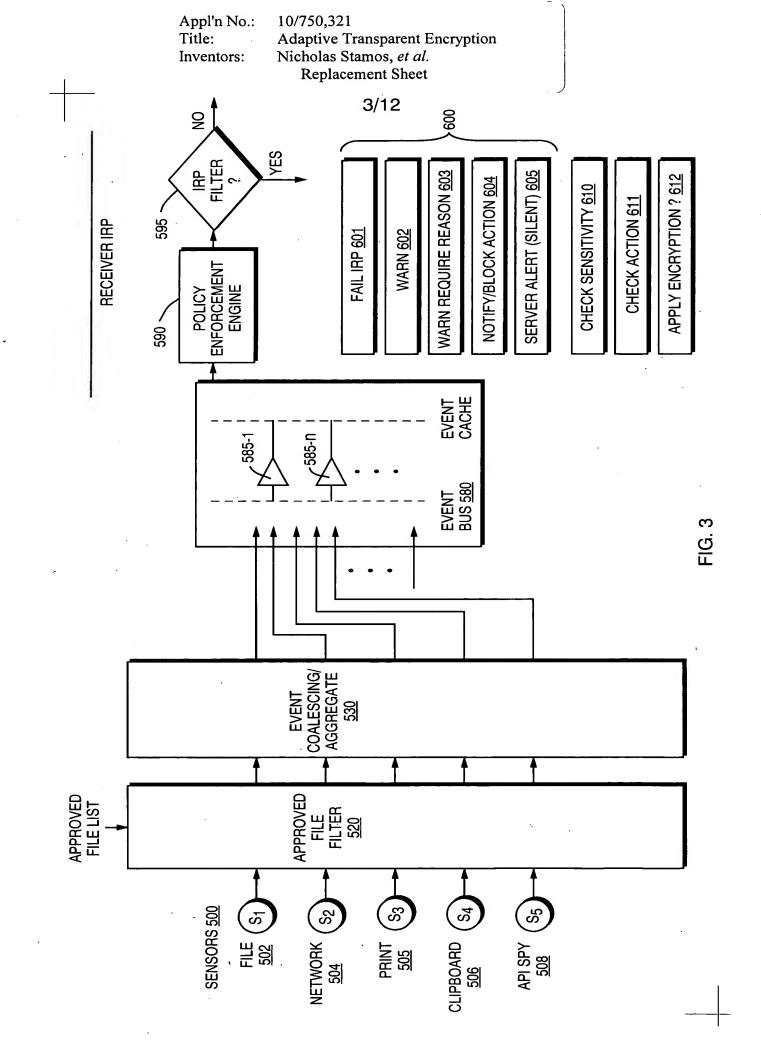


FIG. 1

PRINTING 210





10/750,321 Adaptive Transparent Encryption Nicholas Stamos, et al.

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Discriminant	bytesRead > 0, bytesWritten = 0 bytesRead = 0, bytesWritten > 0	byteshead > U, byteswrmen > U						isOutbound = 0	isOutbound = 1	isOutbound = 0	isOutbound = 1	isOutbound = 0	isOutbound = 1							•	Skip the Machine events	
Action Detail Value	0	o —	2 (	က	4	വ	9	<b>TCPIP</b>	TCPIP	J J	A O	IPSEC	IPSEC	N/A	-	2	CutCopy	Paste	Logon	Logoff	•	
Action Detail Field	operationType operationType	operation type operation Type	operationType	operation lype	operationType	operationType	operation Type	protocolType	protocolType	protocolType	protocolType	protocolType	protocolType	(implied)	operationType	operationType	eventType	eventType	eventType	eventType	eventType	
Event Table	FileEvent FileEvent	FileEvent FileEvent	FileEvent	FileEvent	FileEvent	FileEvent	FileEvent	NetworkEvent	NetworkEvent	NetworkEvent	NetworkEvent	NetworkEvent	NetworkEvent	PrintEvent	CDEvent	CDEvent	ClipboardEvent	ClipboardEvent	UserEvent	UserEvent	MachineEvent	
Event Name	FileRead FileWnte	riereadvriie FileCopy	FileRename	FileDelete	FileMove	FileRecycle	FileRestore	TCPIPInbound	TCPIPOutbound	UDPInbound	UDPOutbound	IPSECInbound	IPSECOutbound	Print	CDRead	CDWrite	ClipboardCutCopy	ClipboardPaste	UserLogon	UserLogoff	Machine	
Event Category		을 을 음	el El	E E	를	File	File	Network	Network	Network	Network	Network	Network	Print	8	응	Clipboard	Clipboard	User	User	Machine	
Level	Low	 	Low	. [o	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	T:
Action Type	- 00 0	w 4	ഹ	9		∞	6	은	=	12	13	14	15	16	17	8	19	8	2	22	೫	

10/750,321 Adaptive Transparent Encryption Nicholas Stamos, *et al.* Replacement Sheet

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Use processStartDtTm	Use processEndDtTime																		
(Implied)	(Implied)										*								
Process	Process	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent	AggregateEvent
ProcessStart	ProcessEnd	FileEdited	FileCopied	FileSaveAs	FileLeftThroughRemovableMedia	ClipboardToFile	PrintFile	BurnMaster	BurnFile	FileLeftThroughNetworkPort	EmailFile	RemoteAccess	InstantMessenger	P2PApp	FTPFile	TunnelOut	Tunnelln	TunnelInOut	FileOutThroughTunnel
Process	Process	File	Eile	File	File	Clipboard	Print	8	CD	Network	Network	Network	Network	Network	Network	Network	Network	Network	Network
Low	Low	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High
24	25	97	27	82	23	30	ਲ	32	33	34	32	36	37	88	ස	8	41	42	43

Appl'n No.: Title: Inventors:

10/750,321 Adaptive Transparent Encryption Nicholas Stamos, *et al*. Replacement Sheet

	<del></del>	<u> </u>	73		S	S			
Scope	Thread		Thread Process Process Login					Logi	
Pattern	Same processid and fileHandle. beforeHash of first read & afterHash of last write differ. Both reads and writes to same fileHandle. Sum of writes > 0.	Command shell: Alternating reads & writes. The reads all have one filehandle, the writes all have a second one.	Explorer: A long series of reads from one filehandle followed by a long series of writes to a second. Mind the time period between.	In both cases, the target device must not be removable.	An app reads one or more files then writes a file.	Same as FileCopied or FileSaveAs, but target device is removable.	Pair a ClipboardCutCopy with all subsequent Clipboard Paste events for that user login until the next copy or the user logs out.	Problem: If the user closes the application that performed the copy and the object was large and the user opts not to keep it there, what happens?	
Constituent Event Types	FileRead, FileWrite, FileReadWrite	FileRead, FileWrite, FileReadWrite, FileCopy			FileRead, FileWrite, FileReadWrite	FileRead, FileWrite, FileReadWrite, FileCopy	observation viscotti	Cilpudal dedicopy, Cilpudal di aste	
Event Name	FileEdited		FileCopied		FileSaveAs	FileLeftThroughRemovableMedia	oli John Charles		

10/750,321 Adaptive Transparent Encryption Nicholas Stamos, *et al.* Inventors:

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PrintFile	Print, possibly others	Unclear. If there are temp files, intermediate PDF files, etc. then we may perform a chain of custody analysis to figure out just what was printed.	Thread
BurnMaster	FileRead, FileWrite	An app known to burn files reads one or more files then writes a file.	Process
		Application is recognized as a CD writing app. (Optional)	
BumFile	CDWrite, FileRead	Series of FileReads from one fileHandle, followed by a series of CDWrite events with the same process. May need to compare filenames, otherwise one read will exhaust all the writes. Alternately, all read files are lumped together with one large burn event. Or perhaps the first read of a new file after the last read from the previous file is the start of the next burn event.	Process
	Co	An overlapping stream of FileReads interspersed with Inbound and Outbound network events.	/12
FileLeftThroughNetworkPort	Trieneral, TCPIPInbound, TCPIPOutbound, UDPInbound, UDPOutbound,	All the network events should be for the same port (?) and to a destination NOT on localhost.	Thread
	ון סבטווטסמומ, ון סבטטמוטסמומ	All the network events should be for the same protocol.	
EMailFile	FileRead, TCPIPInbound, TCPIPOutbound,	Similar to FileLeftThroughNetworkPort. Combines all interleaving FileReads with the network events. The application image name is one of those known to be an email program.	Process
	(other protocols???)	May place constraints on the ports, since many emailers use certain well defined ports for SMTP, POP, etc.	

Inventors:

10/750,321 Adaptive Transparent Encryption Nicholas Stamos, *et al.* Replacement Sheet

					8/12				
	Process			Process			Process		Process
Similar to FileLeftThroughNetworkPort. Combines all interleaving FileReads with the network events.	The application image name is one of those known to be used for instant Messanger.	May place constraints on the ports.	Constrain the application name to be one of those known to be a P2PApp.	Multiple ports will be used; some or all of them may have constraints.  May constrain the protocol per app or per instance.	Similar to FileLeftThroughNetworkPort as concerns interleaved file reads.	May want to split into two events, one for reading and one for writing.	Constrain to the common FTP port, unless the app is known by name to be an FTP client.	Like FileLeftThroughNetworkPort, look for interleaved reads and network events, or interleaved writes and network events.	Do not incorporate FileRead events. Several ports may be used. Look for known image names of remote apps.
:	ICPIPInbound, ICPIPOutbound,   (other protocols???)		FileRoad	TCPIPInbound, TCPIPOutbound, UDPInbound, UDPOutbound, UDPOutbound, IPSECOutbound		ElloBood ElloMrito	7?? (TCPIPInbound, TCPIPOutbound		TCPIPInbound, TCPIPOutbound, UDPInbound, UDPOutbound, IPSECOutbound
	InstantMessenger			Р2РАрр			FTPFile		RemoteAccess

10/750,321 Adaptive Transparent Encryption Nicholas Stamos, *et al.* Replacement Sheet Inventors:

	9/12		
Login	Login	Login	Login?
All events use same protocol. Only two processes used. Two different apps and four ports are used. One of the ports is remote.  Event 1: The first app sends outbound from local port 1 to local port 2.  Event 2: The second app (the tunneler) receives inbound from local port 1 to local port 2.  Event 3: The tunneler also sends from local port 3 to remote port 4. Both events of the tunneler share the same thread (probably).	All events use same protocol. Only two processes used. Two different apps and four ports are used. one of the ports is remote.  Event 1: The first app (the tunneler) receives inbound from remote port 1 to local port 2.  Event 2: The tunneler sends outbound from local port 3.  Event 3: The second app also receives inbound from local port 3 to local port 4.  Both events of the tunneler share the same thread (probably).	Multiple protocols may be used. More research needed. More than three ports are used.	Similar to FileLeftThroughNetworkPort. Combines all interleaving FileReads involving a process that is participating in a TunnelOut event. If more than one file is read, the source destination will be a count of the files read.
TCPIPInbound, TCPIPOutbound, UDPInbound, UDPOutbound, IPSECInbound, IPSECOutbound	TCPIPInbound, TCPIPOutbound, UDPInbound, UDPOutbound, IPSECInbound, IPSECOutbound	TCPIPInbound, TCPIPOutbound, UDPInbound, UDPOutbound, IPSECInbound, IPSECOutbound	FileRead, TunnelOut
TunnelOut	Tunnelln	TunnellnOut	FileLeftThroughTunnel

